

TERMS TO KNOW

SCAN OR CLICK THE QR CODE TO WATCH A SHORT VIDEO ON THE TERM YOU WOULD LIKE TO KNOW



AD&D: Accidental Death & Dismemberment

ANNUAL ENROLLMENT: Designated period of time during which an employee may enroll in group health coverage. Also, designated period of time during the year when individuals without group coverage may enroll in health coverage without needing medical underwriting.

CARRIER: The insurance company.

CLAIM: The request for payment for benefits received in accordance with an insurance policy.

COINSURANCE: A payment made by the covered person in addition to the payment made by the health plan on covered charges, shared on a percentage basis. For example, the health plan may pay 80% of the allowable charge, with the covered person responsible for the remaining 20%. The 20% amount is then referred to as the coinsurance amount.

COPAY: A co-payment, or copay, is a capped contribution defined in the policy and paid by an insured person each time a medical service is accessed. It must be paid before any policy benefit is payable by an insurance company.

CREDITABLE: Is the prescription drug coverage offered by an employer plan that pays, on average, the same amount as Medicare pays.

DEDUCTIBLE: A deductible is the amount you must pay each year before your carrier begins to pay for services. If you have a PPO plan, there is usually a separate higher deductible for using out of network providers.

ELIMINATION PERIOD: This is the time period between injury or illness and the receipt of benefit payments.

EMBEDDED DEDUCTIBLE: An embedded deductible is a system that combines individual and family deductibles in a family health insurance policy. When a health plan has embedded deductibles, it just means that a single member of a family doesn't have to meet the full family deductible in order for after-deductible benefits to kick in, each individual only needs to meet the individual deductible in order for after-deductible benefits to kick in.

EOB (Explanation of Benefits): EOB stands for Explanation of Benefits. This is a document produced by your medical insurance carrier that explains their response and action (whether it is payment, denial, or pending) to a medical claim processed on your behalf.

EVIDENCE OF INSURABILITY (EOI): This is the medical information you must provide that requires review and approval by the insurance company BEFORE coverage becomes effective. This may include medical records and a physical exam.

HMO: Health Maintenance Organization, this type of medical plan is Network exclusive. A participant must receive services from in-network providers except in a case of medical emergency.

IN-NETWORK: Refers to the use of providers who participate in the health plan's provider network. Many benefit plans encourage members to use participating in-network providers to reduce out-of-pocket expenses.

MAC: Maximum allowable charge

MAIL ORDER PRESCRIPTIONS: Used for maintenance drugs, members can order and refill their prescriptions via postal mail, Internet, fax, or telephone. Once filled, the prescriptions are mailed directly to the member's home.

MAINTENANCE DRUGS: A medication that is anticipated to be taken regularly for several months to treat a chronic condition such as diabetes, high blood pressure and asthma, this also includes birth control.

NON-EMBEDDED DEDUCTIBLE: A non-embedded deductible is also referred to as an aggregate deductible. Under an aggregate deductible, the total family deductible must be paid out-of-pocket before after-deductible benefits kick in for the health care services incurred by any family member.

OUT-OF-NETWORK: The use of health care providers who have not contracted with the health plan to provide services. HMO members are generally not covered for out-of-network services except in emergency situations. Members enrolled in Preferred Provider Organizations (PPO) and Point-of-Service (POS) coverage can go out-of-network, but will pay higher out-of-pocket costs.

OUT-OF-POCKET MAXIMUM: The total amount a covered person must pay before his or her benefits are paid at 100%. Deductible, copayments, and coinsurance may apply towards the maximum out of pocket, depending on the plan.

PARTICIPATING PROVIDER: Individual physicians, hospitals and professional health care providers who have a contract to provide services to its members at a discounted rate and to be paid directly for covered services.

PCP (PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN): A physician selected by the member, who is part of the plan network, who provides routine care and coordinates other specialized care. The PCP should be selected from the network that corresponds to the plan in which you are a member. The physician you choose as your PCP may be a family or general practitioner, internist, gynecologist or pediatrician.

PPO: Benefits paid for both in and out of a network of doctors. Member makes choice with knowledge that better benefits are available in network. Plans feature office visit copays, deductibles at a variety of levels and then coinsurance to a maximum out of pocket expense. Usually includes copays for prescription drugs.

PREVENTIVE CARE: Care rendered by a physician to promote health and prevent future health problems for a member who does not exhibit any symptoms. Examples are routine physical examinations and immunizations.

REFERRAL: A written recommendation by a physician that a member may receive care from a specialty physician or facility.

SPECIALIST: A participating physician who provides non-routine care, such as a dermatologist or orthopedist.

UCR: Usual, customary, reasonable

MANDATORY **NOTICES**

IMPORTANT NOTICE ABOUT THIS GUIDE AND THE LEGISLATIVE NOTICES INCLUDED

A Plan Sponsor's responsibilities include making sure the health plan complies with ERISA, ACA and other federal and state regulations. Various federal notices are set forth below. Even if employers use third-party service providers to manage the plan, there are still certain functions that may make the employer responsible as a fiduciary. Plan Sponsors are recommended to maintain comprehensive record-keeping documents for up to seven years.

Insurance Office of America does not intend for you to use this guide as a substitute for legal counsel. Should you have any questions or concerns, you should contact your legal counsel for further guidance on all matters pertaining to compliance. Importantly, since this information is intended as a brief overview, please refer to the applicable federal regulations for more specific and detailed information. In addition, please note that States may have additional laws, restrictions and benefits that are more protective of individuals. You should always consult your State's benefits and insurance laws for further guidance.

Important Notice: Medicare Part D Creditable Coverage Disclosure

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide you can find it. This notice has information about your to Join A Medicare Drug Plan? current prescription drug coverage with Celebration Restaurant Group and about your options under Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice. There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

- 1. Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.
- 2. Celebration Restaurant Group has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by the Traditional Buy-Up, Traditional Basic, and Nexus ACO OA Limited Network plans is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th to December 7th.

However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your group plan coverage as an employee, or dependent or spouse of an active employee will not be affected. There is coordination of benefits and the group plan will be your primary coverage and Medicare will be your secondary coverage.

However, if you drop current coverage under the group plan and enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, you will not be able to re-enroll for medical and prescription drug coverage until the next annual enrollment period, or upon a qualifying life event for which enrollment is permitted, if earlier (and only if you are eligible for coverage at the time your re-enrollment would be effective). In addition, your current coverage pays for medical expenses, in addition to prescription drugs, and if you choose to drop prescription drug coverage, you must also drop your medical coverage as well.

If you (or a dependent/spouse) are covered under the group plan through COBRA and later are covered by Medicare, the medical and prescription drug coverage under the group plan will be canceled, if permitted by law. Once you cease to be covered under COBRA, you may not reinstate your COBRA coverage under the group plan.

Therefore, before deciding whether to join a Medicare drug plan, you should carefully compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered, with the coverage and cost of the Medicare drug plans in your area. Please refer to group plan's summary plan description for information about coverage, how the group plan coordinates with Medicare and when coverage terminates under the group plan.

When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage under the group plan and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

Important Notice: Medicare Part D Creditable Coverage Disclosure

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without Contact Human Resources for more information: creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly Celebration Restaurant Group premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join. For questions about Medicare prescription drug coverage,

For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current **Prescription Drug Coverage**

Contact your Human Resources for further information. NOTE: You'll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if the group plan coverage changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

For More Information About Your Options Under **Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage**

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

- Visit <u>www.medicare.gov</u>
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You" handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at www.socialsecurity.gov or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Jaclyn Freeman

1170 Celebration Blvd. Suite 102 Celebration, FL 34747 321-393-2924

Grace Agency is here to help.

GRACE MEDICARE INSURANCE CONSULTANTS I O A

Educating you about Medicare insurance options and resources to meet your health and wellness goals.



OURS IS A KINDER AND GENTLER APPROACH TO THE WORLD OF MEDICARE INSURANCE









800-791-4840 | info@graceagency.org

HIPAA Notice of Special Enrollment Rights

If you are declining enrollment for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing toward your or your dependents other coverage). However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after your or your dependents other coverage ends.

In addition, if you have a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

If you or your dependents lose eligibility for coverage under Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) or become eligible for a premium assistance subsidy under Medicaid or CHIP, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. You must request enrollment within 60 days of the loss of Medicaid or CHIP coverage or the determination of eligibility for a premium assistance subsidy.

To request special enrollment or obtain more information, please contact Human Resources.

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) **Privacy Rights**

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA") requires that we maintain the privacy of protected health information, give notice of our legal duties and privacy practices regarding health information about you and follow the terms of our notice currently in effect.

If not attached to this document, you may request a copy of the current Privacy Practices, explaining how medical information about you may be used and disclosed and how you can get access to this information.

As Required by Law. We will disclose Health Information when required to do so by international, federal, state or local law.

You have the right to inspect and copy, right to an electronic copy of electronic medical records, right to get notice of a breach, right to amend, right to an accounting of disclosures, right to request restrictions, right to request confidential communications, right to a paper copy of this notice and the right to file a complaint if you believe your privacy rights have been violated.

Model General Notice of COBRA Continuation of Coverage Rights INTRODUCTION

You're getting this notice because you recently gained coverage under a group health plan (the Plan). This notice has important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. This notice explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect your right to get it. When you become eligible for COBRA, you may also become eligible for other coverage options that may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan's Summary Plan Description or contact the Plan Administrator.

You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage. For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-ofpocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

WHAT IS COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE?

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when it would otherwise end because of a life event. This is also called a "qualifying event." Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a "qualified beneficiary." You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you're an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- · Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you're the spouse of an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your spouse dies;
- Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
- You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- The parent-employee dies;
- The parent-employee's hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent-employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
- The child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a "dependent child."

WHEN IS COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE AVAILABLE?

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. The employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the following qualifying events:

- · The end of employment or reduction of hours of employment;
- Death of the employee;
- The employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).

For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs. You must provide this notice to: Human Resources.

HOW IS COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE PROVIDED?

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect • COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of If you don't enroll in Medicare and elect COBRA continuation coverage that generally lasts for 18 months due to employment coverage instead, you may have to pay a Part B late enrollment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain qualifying events, or a second qualifying event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

There are also ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended:

Disability extension of 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by Social Security to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to get up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage.

Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage

If your family experiences another qualifying event during the 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan is properly notified about the second qualifying event. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children aetting COBRA continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies; becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); gets divorced or legally separated; or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child. This extension is only available if the second qualifying event would have caused the spouse or

dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

ARE THERE OTHER COVERAGE OPTIONS BESIDES COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE?

Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at www.healthcare.gov.

CAN I ENROLL IN MEDICARE INSTEAD OF COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE AFTER MY GROUP HEALTH PLAN COVERAGE ENDS?

In general, if you don't enroll in Medicare Part A or B when you are first eligible because you are still employed, after the Medicare initial enrollment period, you have an 8-month special enrollment period to sign up for Medicare Part A or B, beginning on the earlier of

- The month after your employment ends; or
- The month after group health plan coverage based on current employment ends.

penalty and you may have a gap in coverage if you decide you want Part B later. If you elect COBRA continuation coverage and later enroll in Medicare Part A or B before the COBRA continuation coverage ends, the Plan may terminate your continuation coverage. However, if Medicare Part A or B is effective on or before the date of the COBRA election, COBRA coverage may not be discontinued on account of Medicare entitlement, even if you enroll in the other part of Medicare after the date of the election of COBRA coverage.

If you are enrolled in both COBRA continuation coverage and Medicare, Medicare will generally pay first (primary payer) and COBRA continuation coverage will pay second. Certain plans may pay as if secondary to Medicare, even if you are not enrolled in Medicare.

For more information visit https://www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS

Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit www.dol.gov/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

KEEP YOUR PLAN INFORMED OF ADDRESS CHANGES

To protect your family's rights, let the Plan Administrator know about any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

PLAN CONTACT INFORMATION

Plan and COBRA continuation coverage can be obtained on

Celebration Restaurant Group

Jaclyn Freeman

1170 Celebration Blvd. Suite 102 Celebration, FL 34747

321-393-2924

State Continuation of Coverage

Due to size, your group plan does not fall under Federal COBRA guidelines. However, you may have a state continuation option available to you. Contact your insurance carrier or Human Resources for more information. Additional information can be found on your state's department of insurance website.

Wellness Plan Notice

Your health plan is committed to helping you achieve your best health. Rewards for participating in a wellness program are available to all employees. If you think you might be unable to meet a standard for a reward under this wellness program, you might qualify for an opportunity to earn the same reward by different means. We will work with you (and, if you wish, with your doctor) to find a wellness program with the same reward that is right for you in light of your health status. Contact your benefits department for more information.

Health Insurance Marketplace Coverage Options and Your **Health Coverage**

Beginning in 2014, there is a new way to buy health insurance: the Health Insurance Marketplace. To assist you as you evaluate options for you and your family, this notice provides some basic information about the new Marketplace.

What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?

The Marketplace is designed to help you find health insurance that meets your needs and fits your budget. The Marketplace offers "one-stop shopping" to find and compare private health insurance options. You may also be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premium right away.

Each year, the open enrollment period for health insurance coverage through the Marketplace runs from Nov. 1 through Dec. 15 of the previous year. After Dec. 15, you can get coverage through the Marketplace only if you qualify for a special enrollment period or are applying for Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP).

Can I Save Money on my Health Insurance Premiums in the Marketplace?

You may qualify to save money and lower your monthly premium,

but only if your employer does not offer coverage, or offers coverage that doesn't meet certain standards. The savings on your premium that you're eligible for depends on your household

Does Employer Health Coverage Affect Eligibility for Premium Savings through the Marketplace?

Yes. If you have an offer of health coverage from your employer that meets certain standards, you will not be eligible for a tax credit through the Marketplace and may wish to enroll in your employer's health plan. However, you may be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your monthly premium or a reduction in certain cost-sharing if your employer does not offer coverage to you at all or does not offer coverage that meets certain standards.

If the cost of a plan from your employer that would cover you (and not any other members of your family) is more than 9.5 percent (as adjusted each year after 2014) of your household income for the year, or if the coverage your employer provides does not meet the "minimum value" standard set by the Affordable Care Act, you may be eligible for a tax credit. (An employer-sponsored health plan meets the "minimum value standard" if the plan's share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs.)

Note: If you purchase a health plan through the Marketplace instead of accepting health coverage offered by your employer, then you may lose the employer contribution (if any) to the employer-offered coverage. Also, this employer contributionas well as your employee contribution to employer-offered coverage-is often excluded from income for federal and state income tax purposes. Your payments for coverage through the Marketplace are made on an after-tax basis.

For more information about your coverage offered by your employer, please check your summary plan description or contact Human Resources.

The Marketplace can help you evaluate your coverage options, including your eligibility for coverage through the Marketplace and its cost. Please visit www.healthcare.gov for more information, as well as an online application for health insurance coverage and contact information for a Health Insurance Marketplace in your area.

Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998

If you are enrolled in a health plan that covers the medical and surgical costs of a mastectomy, the WHCRA states that your plan must also cover the costs of certain reconstructive surgery and other post-mastectomy benefits.

If you have had or are going to have a mastectomy, you may be entitled to certain benefits under the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act (WHCRA). For individuals receiving mastectomy-related benefits, coverage will be provided in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient, for:

- · All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed;
- · Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance;

- · Prostheses; and
- · Treatment of physical complications of the mastectomy, including lymphedema.

These benefits will be provided subject to the same deductibles and coinsurance applicable to other medical and surgical benefits provided under this plan. Therefore, the deductibles and coinsurance of your enrolled plan will apply.

If you would like more information on WHCRA benefits, contact your plan administrator or Human Resources.

Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurance issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Patient Protection Notice

The UHC Nexus ACO plan generally requires the designation of a primary care provider. You have the right to designate any primary care provider who participates in the network and who is available to accept you or your family members. Until you make this designation, United Healthcare may designate one for you. For information on how to select a primary care provider, contact the plan administrator.

For plans and issuers that provide coverage for obstetric or gynecological care and require the designation by a participant or beneficiary of a primary care provider: You do not need prior authorization from United Healthcare or from any other person (including a primary care provider) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in our network who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals. For a list of participating health care professionals who specialize in obstetrics or gynecology, contact Human Resources.

Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www. healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial 1-877-KIDS NOW or www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employersponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 1-866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of July 31, 2025. Contact your State for more information on eligibility -

State Contacts

ALABAMA - Medicaid

Website: myalhipp.com | Phone: 1-855-692-5447

ALASKA - Medicaid

The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program

Website: myakhipp.com/ Phone: 1-866-251-4861

Email: CustomerService@MvAKHIPP.com

Medicaid Eligibility: health.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/default.

ARKANSAS - Medicaid

Website: myarhipp.com

Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447)

CALIFORNIA - Medicaid

Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program

dhcs.ca.gov/hipp

Phone: 916-445-8322 | Fax: 916-440-5676

Email: hipp@dhcs.ca.gov

COLORADO – Health First Colorado (Colorado's Medicaid Program) & Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)

Health First Colorado Website: www.healthfirstcolorado.com

Health First Colorado Member Contact Center:

1-800-221-3943/State Relay 711

CHP+: hcpf.colorado.gov/child-health-plan-plus

CHP+ Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/State Relay 711 Health Insurance Buy-In Program (HIBI): www.mycohibi.com

HIBI Customer Service: 1-855-692-6442

FLORIDA – Medicaid

Website: www.flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/ flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/hipp/index.html

Phone: 1-877-357-3268

GEORGIA – Medicaid

GA HIPP Website: medicaid.georgia.gov/health-insurance-

<u>premium-payment-program-hipp</u> Phone: 678-564-1162, Press 1

GA CHIPRA Website: medicaid.georgia.gov/programs/

third-party-liability/childrens-health-insurance-program-

reauthorization-act-2009-chipra Phone: 678-564-1162, Press 2

INDIANA - Medicaid

Health Insurance Premium Payment Program

All other Medicaid

Website: www.in.gov/medicaid

www.in.gov/fssa/dfr

Family and Social Services Administration

Phone: 1-800-403-0864

Member Services Phone: 1-800-457-4584

IOWA - Medicaid and CHIP (Hawki)

Medicaid Website:

Iowa Medicaid | Health & Human Services

Medicaid Phone: 1-800-338-8366

Hawki Website: https://html.niowa.gov/programs/welcome-iowa-

medicaid/iowa-health-link/hawki Hawki Phone: 1-800-257-8563

HIPP Website: https://programs/welcome-iowa-

medicaid/fee-service/hipp HIPP Phone: 1-888-346-9562 KANSAS - Medicaid

Website: www.kancare.ks.gov

Phone: 1-800-792-4884 | HIPP Phone: 1-800-967-4660

KENTUCKY - Medicaid

Kentucky Integrated Health Insurance Premium Payment

Program (KI-HIPP) Website:

chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member/Pages/kihipp.aspx

Phone: 1-855-459-6328 Email: KIHIPP.PROGRAM@ky.gov KCHIP Website: kynect.ky.gov

Phone: 1-877-524-4718

Kentucky Medicaid Website: chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms

LOUISIANA - Medicaid

Website: <u>www.medicaid.la.gov</u> or <u>www.ldh.la.gov/lahipp</u>

Phone: 1-888-342-6207 (Medicaid hotline) or

1-855-618-5488 (LaHIPP)

MAINE - Medicaid **Enrollment Website:**

www.mymaineconnection.gov/benefits/s/?language=en_US

Phone: 1-800-442-6003 TTY: Maine relay 711 Private Health Insurance Premium Webpage: www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-forms Phone: 1-800-977-6740 | TTY: Maine relay 711

MASSACHUSETTS - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: www.mass.gov/masshealth/pa

Phone: 1-800-862-4840 | TTY: 711

Email: masspremassistance@accenture.com

MINNESOTA - Medicaid

Website: mn.gov/dhs/health-care-coverage

Phone: 1-800-657-3672

MISSOURI - Medicaid

Website: www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm

Phone: 573-751-2005

MONTANA - Medicaid

Website:

dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP

Phone: 1-800-694-3084 Email: <u>HHSHIPPProgram@mt.gov</u>

NEBRASKA - Medicaid

Website: www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov

Phone: 1-855-632-7633 Lincoln: 402-473-7000 Omaha: 402-595-1178

NEVADA – Medicaid

Medicaid Website: dhcfp.nv.gov Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900

NEW HAMPSHIRE - Medicaid

Website: www.dhhs.nh.gov/programs-services/medicaid/

health-insurance-premium-program

Phone: 603-271-5218

Toll free number for the HIPP program: 1-800-852-3345, ext

Email: DHHS.ThirdPartyLiabi@dhhs.nh.gov

State Contacts

NEW JERSEY - Medicaid and CHIP

Medicaid Website: www.state.nj.us/humanservices/

dmahs/clients/medicaid Phone: 1-800-356-1561

CHIP Premium Assistance Phone: 609-631-2392 CHIP Website: www.njfamilycare.org/index.html

CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710 (TTY: 711)

NEW YORK - Medicaid

Website: www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid

Phone: 1-800-541-2831

NORTH CAROLINA - Medicaid

Website: medicaid.ncdhhs.gov

Phone: 919-855-4100

NORTH DAKOTA - Medicaid

Website: www.hhs.nd.gov/healthcare

Phone: 1-844-854-4825

OKLAHOMA - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: www.insureoklahoma.org

Phone: 1-888-365-3742

OREGON - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx

Phone: 1-800-699-9075

PENNSYLVANIA - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: www.pa.gov/en/services/dhs/apply-for-medicaid-health-insurance-premium-payment-program-hipp.html

Phone: 1-800-692-7462

CHIP Website: Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

(pa.gov) CHIP Phone: 1-800-986-KIDS (5437)

RHODE ISLAND - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: www.eohhs.ri.gov

Phone: 1-855-697-4347, or 401-462-0311 (Direct RIte Share

Line)

SOUTH CAROLINA - Medicaid

Website: <u>www.scdhhs.gov</u> Phone: 1-888-549-0820

SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid

Website: <u>dss.sd.gov</u> Phone: 1-888-828-0059

TEXAS - Medicaid

Website: www.hhs.texas.gov/services/financial/health-

insurance-premium-payment-hipp-program

Phone: 1-800-440-0493

UTAH - Medicaid and CHIP

Utah's Premium Partnership for Health Insurance (UPP)

Website: medicaid.utah.gov/upp

Email: upp@utah.gov Phone: 1-888-222-2542

Adult Expansion Website: medicaid.utah.gov/expansion
Utah Medicaid Buyout Program Website: medicaid.utah.gov/expansion

<u>buyout-program</u> CHIP Website: <u>chip.utah.gov</u>

VERMONT- Medicaid

Website: dvha.vermont.gov/members/medicaid/hipp-

<u>program</u>

Phone: 1-800-250-8427

VIRGINIA - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium-

<u>assistance/famis-select</u>

coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium-assistance/health-insurance-premium-payment-hipp-programs

Medicaid/CHIP Phone: 1-800-432-5924

WASHINGTON - Medicaid

Website: www.hca.wa.gov Phone: 1-800-562-3022

WEST VIRGINIA - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: dhhr.wv.gov/bms

mywvhipp.com

Medicaid Phone: 304-558-1700

CHIP Toll-free phone: 1-855-MyWVHIPP (1-855-699-8447)

WISCONSIN - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/badgercareplus/p-10095.htm

Phone: 1-800-362-3002

WYOMING - Medicaid

Website: health.wyo.gov/healthcarefin/medicaid/programs-

and-eligibility

Phone: 1-800-251-1269

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since July 31, 2025, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor

Employee Benefits Security Administration

www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa 1-866-444-EBSA (3272)

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

www.cms.hhs.gov

1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13) (PRA), no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The Department notes that a Federal agency cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it is approved by OMB under the PRA, and displays a currently valid OMB control number, and the public is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3507. Also, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if the collection of information does not display a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3512.

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average approximately seven minutes per respondent. Interested parties are encouraged to send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Office of Policy and Research, Attention: PRA Clearance Officer, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room N-5718, Washington, DC 20210 or email ebsa.opr@dol.gov and reference the OMB Control Number 1210-0137.

OMB Control Number 1210-0137 (expires 1/31/2026)









LINE OF COVERAGE	CARRIER	CUSTOMER SERVICE
Medical (Nexus ACO Newtork Only Plan)	United Healthcare Group #718262	888-331-3408 connect.werally.com/choose-plan-year
Medical (All other plans)	United Healthcare Group #718262	866-873-3903 <u>www.myuhc.com</u>
Level2 Diabetes Support	United Healthcare Level2	844-302-2821 www.mylevel2.com/care
Cancer Support Program	United Healthcare	866-936-6002 myuhc.phs.com/cancerprograms
Virtual Behavioral Coaching (for adults only)	United Healthcare AbleTo	866-287-1802 myuhc.phs.com/cancerprograms
Child and Family Behavioral Coaching	United Healthcare Bend	bendhealth.com/coaching
Real Appeal	United Healthcare Real Appeal	844-924-7325 enroll.realappeal.com
Dental	United Healthcare Group #718262	877-816-3596 www.myuhc.com
Vision	United Healthcare Group #718262	800-638-3120 www.myuhc.com
Basic Life & AD&D	United Healthcare Group #306534	888-299-2070
Voluntary Life & AD&D		
Short-Term Disability (STD)		
Long-Term Disability (LTD)		
Voluntary Supplemental Policies	Aflac Group #24600	407-924-3267 whitney_russell@us.aflac.com
Surgical Benefits	Lantern (formerly Surgery Plus)	833-421-0508 <u>lanterncare.com</u>
Employee Assistance Program (EAP)	Live and Work Well	877-660-3806 Account #306534 liveandworkwell.com Access Code: FP3EAP
Global Rx Program	Global Rx	800-883-8841 www.rxmanage.com
Medicare Related Inquiries (age 65+)	Grace Agency	800-791-4840 www.graceagency.com
Pet Insurance	PetsBest	800-891-2565 www.petbenefits.com